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(57) Abstract :
 The security of devices with limited resources, such as Raspberry Pi, is becoming increasingly important as the Internet of Things (IoT) ecosystem expands. This study proposes and evaluates a detection system based on the hybrid method (Decision tree + linear regression) to handle the unique difficulty of detecting DDoS attack on Raspberry Pi. Decision trees are widely used on low power devices with constrained processing resources because of their efficiency, interoperability, and simplicity. Two basic phases make up the operation of the suggested detecting system. During the training stage, the decision tree model is trained on Raspberry Pi using features that are taken from regular network traffic. These factors include traffic patterns, system resource utilization, and network packet properties. By learning to differentiate between typical and abnormal behavior. During the detection phase, incoming traffic is classified as either normal or indicative of DDoS attack using the hybrid method, which is applied while continually monitoring real-time network traffic. The hybrid algorithms lightweight design guarantees effective execution on the Raspberry Pi's limited hardware, making it appropriate for real-time deployment. The study emphasizes how crucial it is to use lightweight machine learning approaches to safeguard IoT deployments in order to promote a more reliable and secure IoT ecosystem.

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